

Energy Affordability: Sharing Lessons from the EU and Australia's Low Carbon Transitions

Viktoria Noka | Paris, 29th September 2022



Introduction

- Joint EU-Australia project
- Analyses of energy prices and impacts on vulnerable groups
 - Working Paper: Energy Vulnerability and Energy Poverty
 - Energy Affordability: Sharing Lessons from the EU and Australia's Low Carbon Transitions
- Comparative perspective for mututal learning
 - Does a cleaner, greener electricity system necessarily mean rising costs for consumers?
 - Or can electricity decarbonisation lead to improvements in affordability?
- Project was completed in February 2022 -> Significant changes since then



Price & cost structure comparison

- Influx of renewables is more market-driven (Australia) vs more policy-driven (EU).
- Interconnectivity of the market has direct impacts
 - uncoordinated coal closures in small and weakly interconnected markets may cause volatile price dynamics (Australia)
 - In a larger market and with a higher level of interconnectivity such as in the EU it is easier to absorb shocks such as a loss in capacity
- An increase in supply of renewables is likely to see a shift towards more fixed costs in both the EU and Australia
- Alternatives to environmental taxes and levies in discussion in the EU







Addressing energy poverty in the EU

- Strong foundation to recognising and tackle energy poverty
 - Just Transition Principle "no one left behind"
- Working towards **definitions** of energy poverty
 - Energy Poverty Recmmendation & Social Climate Fund
- Develop **indicators** and collect data to identify energy poverty
- Designated **institutions** working towards alleviating energy poverty
 - Energy Poverty Observatory & Energy Poverty Advisory Hub
- Measures and instruments focus heavily on energy efficiency



Addressing energy hardship in AUS

- **Consumer protections** and complementary measures
- Emphasis on consumer choice & agency and market participation
- Limited focus at national-scale on energy efficiency for LIHs
- No overarching framework for energy transition that includes equity principles
- Terminology different: energy hardship, stress
- No clear definition, measurement, reporting



Performance & implementation of framework in the EU

- Implemenation of measures & instruments happens on Member State level
 - National Energy and Climate Plans
- Some adoption and analysis of data & indicators
 - What is a **"significant**" number of households in energy poverty?
- Energy efficiency and housing renovation policies dominate
 - Direct financial support & social tariffs
 - Little focus beyond building sector
- Energy/Climate policy vs **social policy**?
- Overall, very **differentiated** despite strong EU framework



Top down and bottom up approaches in AU

- Solar, batteries, EVs etc involve more providers and complex cost allocations
 - How do you apply customer protections and ensure access and affordability?
- **Smart meter deployment** quite advanced in Australia benefits for LIH?
- Industry can lead **cultural change** Energy Charter
- People and communities should be at the centre of change OurPower
- Need both top down and bottom up approaches







Lessons learned – Energy poverty in Australia

- 1. Question of Indicators (and Data)
 - Single vs multiple vs compound indicators
 - Income, price, and energy efficiency or consumption patterns
- 2. Question of Governance
 - Role of overarching organisational bodies (EPOV and EPAH)
 - Different responsibilites and different scales
- 3. Question of Policy
 - Role of energy efficiency / Enhancing consumer participation
 - Responses to price development in recent months



Designfarben



Benutzerdefinierte Farben

134	227
134	0
134	79

Linienfarbe Auszeichnungen

8,6 cm	14,2 cm	^{0 cm} ───────────────────────────────────	
		15,8 cm	
	Gestaltungsraster		
6,4 cm			
5,4 cm	labaltabaraiah 10.0 ara v 20.0 ara		
	Innaltsbereich 12,6 cm x 30,0 cm		
0 cm			
0 cm			
7,2 cm			
7,8 cm			
8,2 cm	Vortragstitel Referentenname Ort Datum	12	



Integrierte Layouts

Öko-Institut 2020 | 16:9

